

# Camrose Roots and Shoots

Newsletter of the Camrose Branch of the Alberta Genealogical Society

Volume 4 No. 1 Spring, 2007

The Camrose Branch meets on the second Thursday of each month at 7:30 P.M. in the boardroom of Camrose Public Library. New members and guests are always welcome.

We are a branch of the Alberta Genealogical Society, based in Edmonton. Memberships run from January 1 to December 31. All members are entitled to receive each issue of "Relatively Speaking", the regular publication of the Alberta Society and all Camrose branch members are entitled to receive this Newsletter.

Genealogy is said to be the fastest growing leisure time activity today!

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Fay Carlson Norm Prestage

Jack Cunningham

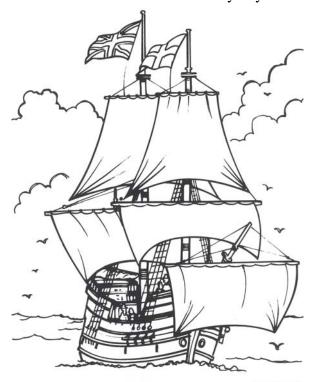
Your editor regrets the absence of Roots and Shoots Vol 3, No. 4. It was due to health reasons. He is now quite recovered.

We are beginning the fourth year of our newsletter reporting on branch happenings. We are also trying to provide useful information about tracing your ancestors! To do both of these things we urgently need your input. If you have an interesting story

concerning your ancestors, please get in touch with a member of the Newsletter Committee.

Mayflower Update.

By Fay Carlson



Child Light LLC

The Alberta Colony of the **Canadian Society of Mayflower Descendants** held their annual supper meeting in Calgary at Willow Park Golf and Country Club on 28 October, 2006 with 13 members and 19 guests present.

Anyone who can prove that they have descended from one of the 26 original Mayflower passengers of 1620 is eligible to join. The names are:

John Alden Stephen Hopkins Isaac Allerton John Howland Richard More John Bilington William Bradford William Mullins William Brewster **Degory Priest** Peter Brown **Thomas Rogers** Henry Samson James Chilton George Soule Francis Cooke Myles Standish **Edward Doty** Francis Eaton John Tilley Moses Fletcher Richard Warren **Edward Fuller** William White **Edward Winslow** Samuel Fuller

We introduced ourselves by standing and naming our Pilgrim ancestor. Represented that evening were descendants of Alden, Brewster, Bilington, Bradford, Brown, Cooke, Hopkins, Howland, Warren and White. All three Mayflower members from Camrose were present.

It was agreed at the business meeting that the next annual supper be held in Red Deer in October of 2007, so that more members from Northern Alberta would be able to attend. Details will be announced later. Fay Carlson gave a short talk on her experiences of visiting two Plymouths in 2005.

Fay Carlson is secretary of the Alberta Colony of Canadian Society of Mayflower Descendants.

"If you can not get rid of the family skeleton, you may as well make it dance."

- George Bernard Shaw.

## **Notice:**

The Camrose branch of the Alberta Genealogical Society would like of a copy of the history of New Norway, "Memory Opens Doors". If anyone has a spare copy to donate or sell, it would be appreciated.

## Interesting and Useful British Census Info.

By John Stoddart

The following includes some information on the 1841 Census taken in Scotland and England on June 6, 1841 that may be both interesting and useful for genealogists.

The examples are of census pages from each country. First a few notes:

1. Scotland - Part of St Cuthberts in Edinburgh. Notice the use of "abbreviations" under occupations.

FS = Female Servant. MS= Male Servant.

Most of the people listed were born in what is now the county of Midlothian = Y.

Can you find the people who were born in what looks like India? Notice also the "adjustments" to people's ages. They all end in five or zero.

From what I have read, a certain island or islands off the N. W. part of Scotland were not counted in 1841.

When the official records in the book for the area were opened many years later, they were found to be blank. It is not clear whether the person responsible for the count did not do his job or the handwritten records were lost prior to being copied into the book. In addition, certain census pages for parishes in the county of Fife were also blank.

2. England - Part of the Parish of Highway in Wiltshire.

Not so many "abbreviations":

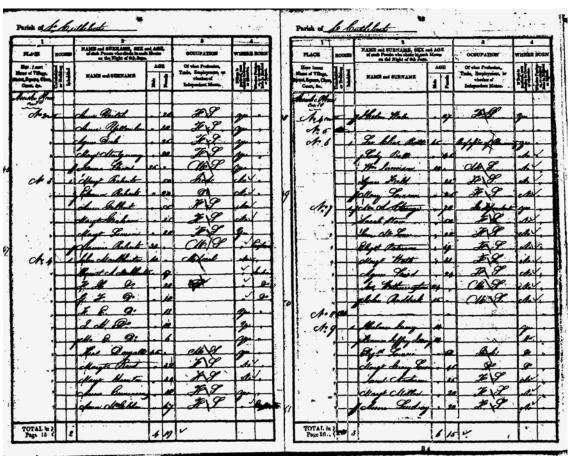
Ag Lab= Agricultural Labourer.

Everyone was born in Wiltshire and most worked in the fields around the community. Can you find the Wheelwright and the Thatcher?

This is a good page for me as there are two separate Bradfield families mentioned, headed by John and Thomas. I assume they were heads of the families with their wives listed below, but the relationship information is not noted. The ages in many cases are again "adjusted".

No house numbers are given. It seems the record taker started at the beginning of a road or street and just kept writing each person down as he came to each house. It was probably a "he" who took the record, given the times.

Notice the totals as to Male and Female at the bottom of each page.



	HOUSES	ish of My			When	e Ben		HOUSES		AGE est SEX		When	Bom
PLACE	Combatted or Building Inhabited	NAMES of each Person who abode therein the preceding Night.	SEX	PROFESSION, TRADE, EMPLOYMENT, or of INDEPENDENT MEANS.	Whether Bern		FLACE	Chickeline - Building Inhabited	NAMES of each Person who abode therein the preceding Night.	SEX	PROFESSION, TRADE, EMPLOYMENT, or of INDEPENDENT MEANS.	Whether Ben	Whether Ben in Sections, Indust.
Tighway	V	James Moore	35	Ag. Lab.	31		Highway	7/	Thomas Bradiel	40	1 29. Lab.	12/	
	-	Jarah do	1	0	91				Elixabeth do	14	2 *	19	
		Mary do	4	9.	2/				William do	19		12	_
,		Moren de	10		1				Thomas do	13		191	_
		Telos do	7.		1				ann, do	1	/	12	_
	Ш	Morha do	1.	5	19	Ш	100		Benfin an do	a		12	_
	Щ	Elixabeth de			12		100		Charbett do	1 5		1/	-
-	1	Jelm Brachel	30	Var-Lab-	1		100		Manton do	1	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	14	-
	1	Margard-do	ź	5	1/2	$\sqcup$		1	John Saylor	20	Maloright.	12	-
	Ш	Varah do	1	3	1/		114		Ann do	1 3		12/	-
	Ш	Channel do	6		3/	Ш			Thre Calwoll.		18: V	12/	+
	Ш	Geofge do	4		14		12.15	1	John Lowers	2	Matcher	1/	+
	Ш	Eneas do	2		12/	$\sqcup$	The state of	1	Elizabeth do	1	80	1/	+
	Ш	Dinah do		6	12	$\Box$			Henry do	6	-	1/	+
No.	1	Abvalomi lonling	122	Ry Lab.	12/				William do	4		14	+
		Varan do	1	20	19			1	James do	2		1	+
		Geolge do	15		14			1	George Bokell			1/	+
		Mante do	10		14		11	1	Losoph Offer.	20	Mar Lab.	14	-
.3.	1	John do	0		14	-	11	1	Jane do -	-	4 3 1	14	+
	1	Velse do.	13		14	-	1	1	James Whate	-	My Lab.	1/	+
	K	James Begween			14			1	Stroke do	12		1/	+
	1	Hester do	1	5	1/1/		11	1	Chrabeth de	-	50	18/	+
	1	Lance do	-	5	194			1		-	1 33	1	+
	1	Mary do		3	14	-		1	1	19	101	-	+
	1	Mollian do	1		1/	1		1		1		+	+

The date of the 1841 census in Scotland was the night of 6 June, 1841.

The 1841 Census was the fifth decennial census of the population of Britain, but the first useful census to family historians, in that names of individuals within households were recorded, along with ages, occupations and places of birth. The gathering of census Information in Scotland in 1841 took place under the jurisdiction of the Home Office, assisted by the Sheriff Substitute of each Scottish county. To reduce the risk of double entries or omissions, the whole exercise had to be completed in a single day. To this end, Scotland was divided into enumeration districts, based largely on the existing parishes. Larger or more populous parishes were sub-divided to enable the enumerator to gather all his Information within the day.

Census enumerators were usually schoolmasters, who were deemed best equipped for the task. They were each enumeration assigned district an and distributed a schedule to every household in that district before census night. They collected the completed schedules following day, checked the details and copied them into an enumerator's book. These were checked by the Sheriff Substitute and then despatched to the Registrar General's office in London. The census information that we see derives from these enumerator's transcript books, not the original schedules, which were destroyed.

## Points to note about the 1841 Census:

Although the names of household members were recorded, the head of the household was not denoted and therefore relationship of household members to the head is absent. Enumerators were instructed to round down the ages of persons 15 years and over to the nearest five years. Hence a given age of 28 would be recorded as 25, one of 63 as 60 and so on. If a person lied about their age, this, combined with the rounding down, could severely distort the actual age. You will find instances where enumerators did not adhere to this instruction on age and inserted the given age. Birthplace details were

less specific than in later years, recording only whether or not the person was born in the county where the census took place, or whether a person was English, Irish or Foreign. Enumerators were instructed to record occupations in an abbreviated form, e.g. H.L.W. denoted handloom weaver.

# **Help with searching Census Images**

An 1841 census image is a digital image of a double page of the original enumeration book, showing the members of the household in which you are Interested, on census night. Be aware that 1841 entries are indexed to the first page of the double page image, therefore the entry that you require may appear on the right hand page of the image, and not the left.

Information given in the census can be inaccurate - age and place of birth in particular can be unreliable, either by accident or by design. For example, sometimes a person did not know their correct age or was not always honest about it! Since the census recorded those in a particular household on census night, the person you are looking for may be missing from home because they were living and working elsewhere, staying with relatives, in an institution, hospital, prison, at sea, etc. and either recorded there or not at all. Married women were generally recorded by their married name in the census, but it is not uncommon for the maiden name to be used. A widow might also have reverted back to her maiden name so you should check for both. Children might have taken the name of the stepfather if the mother remarried. The family name may have been altered after emigration from Scotland.

When you view a census image, you may choose to navigate back to the previous double page or forwards to the next double page of that census enumeration book.

# **Header Page**

At the beginning of each enumeration book, the enumerator described in detail the area covered by the book. When you view a census image, you may also choose to view the header page of the enumeration book in which that particular entry can be found.

Use the information you find in the 1841 census to further your search:

- ◆ Birthplace information and ages recorded can be used to look for the births or baptisms of household members in the Old Parish Registers.
- ♦ Although relationships are not given in the 1841 census, it is still possible to infer these from the order given, although further corroboration will be necessary. As such, names of possible parents can be looked up in the OPR marriage index.
- ◆ A woman might return to her family home for her first confinement, therefore the given birthplace of the eldest child might be an indication of where her parents are living.

I have come across census pages from 1841 where the enumerator bracketed the families on each page, which is a big help when looking for people.

- and then there are special answers that have to be dealt with!



A census taker in a rural area knocked on a farmhouse door. A woman came and he asked her how many children she had and their ages. She said, "Les see now, there's the twins, Sally and Billy, they're thirty-two. And the twins, Seth and Beth, they're twenty-six. And the twins, Penny and Jenny, they're twenty-four ..." Hold on!" said the census taker, "Did you get twins EVERY time?" The woman answered, "Heck no, there were hundreds of times we didn't git nothin."

# Here are some names and places that our members are researching:-

Conley	Ontario	1852 - 1939
-	Orangeville ON,	
	Brandon MB	1883 - 1943
Hosler	Michigan (Co. Antrir	n)
	McCreary MB 1885 -	- 1911
	Dekalb NY	1852
	Manitoba	1892 - 1964
Hutton	McCreary, MB 1869	- 1906 <b>-</b> 1911
Scott	Belfast, N. Ireland	1864 – 1945
	Neepawa MB	
Steele	Neepawa MB	

## 2. Helen Olma:

Thompson Daysland AB 1915 –

## 3. Fay Carlson:

Edenioff	Cambridge/Osakis	
	Minnesota	1800 - 1900
William B	radford and Mayflower	1620 -
Ruggles	Connecticut	1620 - 1900
	Osakis MN	
	Windham ON	
Ripley	Connecticut	1700 - 1800

## 4. Bill Martens-Poole:

Maertens	UK	1860 - 1870
Poole	UK	1860 - 1890
Houbregs	Belgium	1860 - 1920
Maertens	Belgium	1860 - 1870
	Netherlands	
Cajot	Leige Belgium	1820 - 1920

## 5. Norm Prestage:

Prestage	Birmingham, England	pre 1912
Dutton	Brum/Oxford, England	pre 1912
Joyes	London, Ontario	1935 -
Stover	Ontario, Norwich	1811 –
	New York, Duchess Co.	1811 -
Hill	Wellington, SOM. Engl.	1913
Wood	Holywell Lake, SOM.	1918
Follett	Wellington, SOM	1800s
Eno	Wellington, SOM	1800s
Despins	Alberta	1800s
_	Connecticut	1800s
Bourque	Alberta, Trochu	

	Peace Country			NY 168	81 - 1800		
1800's			Secord	Brantford, ON	1780 –		
Torscher	Odessa, Ukraine	1800's	Darling	Brent/Norfolk ON	1810 – 1900		
Fischer	Odessa, Ukraine	1800's	Langham	Brent/Norfolk ON	1860 - 1900		
	,		Langham	England, MB, SK	1895 – 1910		
6. Linda Sir	npson		C	, ,			
Desmond	Morpeth, Ontario	1780 - 1999	10. Carol Wrig	ght			
	Ridgetown, ON		Wright Deskford, Banffshire				
Livingston	Brockville, ON			Scotland	1800 –		
	Ridgetown	1800 - 1905	Aaronson	Chelsea, London, Eng	gl.		
Palmer		1780 - 1800		Nanimo, Victoria BC	1890 –		
Barberry	USA	1750 - 1800	Moore	Cumberland Co., NS			
Strickland	Shotts All, Scotl.			Hope, ID	1700 –		
,	en) Shotts All,	1800 - 1950	Simpson	Hope ID, Everett WA	L		
Davidson	Shotts All, Scotl.	All	Webber	Cumberland Co., NS			
McIndoe	Shotts All, Scotl.	All		Tessier SK, Clyde AF	B 1800 –		
McDougal	Ontario	1810 –	Trussler	Sussex, England			
	Clunay, Scotland	All		Waterloo Co ON	1833 –		
Ritchie	Fintree, Scotland	All	Stauffer	Lancaster Co. PA			
G 1	Ontario	4.11		Waterloo Co. ON	1000 2005		
Cook	Canada	All	<i>~</i> ·	Alberta	1900 - 2007		
	USA	All	Corrie	Bradford, England			
G : 1	England	All		Gimli, MB	~		
Smithers	Kent, England	All		Priddis AB, Sooke BO	$\mathcal{L}$		
Giberson	Belleville, ON	All	11. Deb Trout				
	USA				1818 – 1880		
7. John Stod	dort		Bailley Ogram	Yorkshire, Engl. Yorkshire	1750 – 1800		
Stoddart	Midlothian, Scotl.	1550 1850	Milner	Yorkshire	1750 - 1800 $1750 - 1820$		
Book	,	1550 – 1850 1550 – 1850	Braithwaite		1730 – 1620		
Bradfield	Wiltshire, Engl.		Webb	Yorkshire	1800 – 1900		
	nFife, Midl., Scotl.		Trout	London, England	pre 1774		
Spurell		1550 – 1850 1550 – 1850	Mash	London, England	pre 1779		
Sparen	whishire, Engi.	1550 1650	Emerson	Connecticut, USA	pre 1775		
8. Lorne Wh	allev		Hunter	Erin, ON	pre 1843		
Doll	Germany	1700 - 1775	Scott	Listowell, ON	1801 –		
Feaster	Yorkshire, Englan			Scotland	pre 1801		
	Cambridgeshire	1700–1880	Smith	Noblesville, IN	pre 1826		
Angood	Cambridgeshire	1700–1850	Plummer	Marion, IN	pre 1830		
Whalley	England	1700 - 1850	Kirkpatrick	Ohio	pre 1848		
Braun	Alsace, Germany	1775 - 1850	Hager	Iowa	pre 1884		
Peter	France	1700 - 1775	Winter		pre 1835		
			Lassen	Schleswig Holstein	1800 –		
9. Bill Whyt	e		Clausen	Schleswig Holstein	1800 –		
Whyte Aberdeenshire, Scotl. 1700–1880			Hurley	Sidney, OH	pre 1824		
Blackie	Aberdeenshire	1700 - 1880		Indiana	1830 -		
Archibald	Aberdeenshire	1700 - 1880					
Willis	England	1700 - 1880					
Secord(Sica	ard) New Rochelle.						